## **User's Manual**

## P4-ITX Mini-ITX Mainboard

PN 99-51-012801-12

Version 1.2 August 21, 2003

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#### FCC-B Radio Frequency Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

#### Notice 1

The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### Notice 2

Shielded interface cables and A.C. power cord, if any, must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.



Tested To Comply With FCC Standards FOR HOME OR OFFICE USE

#### Safety Instructions

- 1. Always read the safety instructions carefully.
- 2. Keep this User's Manual for future reference.
- 3. Keep this equipment away from humidity.
- 4. Lay this equipment on a reliable flat surface before setting it up.
- 5. The openings on the enclosure are for air convection hence protects the equipment from overheating. DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.
- 6. Make sure the voltage of the power source and adjust properly 110/220V before connecting the equipment to the power inlet.
- 7. Place the power cord in such a way that people cannot step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
- 8. Always unplug the power cord before inserting any add-on card or module.
- 9. All cautions and warnings on the equipment should be noted.
- 10. Never pour any liquid into the opening. Liquid can cause damage or electrical shock.
- 11. If any of the following situations arises, get the equipment checked by a service personnel:
  - The power cord or plug is damaged
  - Liquid has penetrated into the equipment
  - The equipment has been exposed to moisture
  - The equipment has not work well or you can not get it work according to User's Manual.
  - The equipment has dropped and damaged
  - If the equipment has obvious sign of breakage
- 12. DO NOT LEAVE THIS EQUIPMENT IN AN ENVIRONMENT UNCONDITIONED, STORAGE TEMPERATURE ABOVE 60°C (140°F), IT MAY DAMAGE THE EQUIPMENT.

**CAUTION:** Explosion or serious damage may occur if the battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.

## **Box Contents**

- 1 x Insight Solutions Mainboard
- 1 x User's Manual
- 1 x Floppy Ribbon Cable
- 1 x ATA-33/66/100/133 IDE Ribbon Cable
- •1 x IO Bracket
- 1 x Driver Utilities CD

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## **Specifications**

The ultra-compact and highly intergrated Insight Solutions P4-ITX Mini-ITX Mainboard is the smallest form factor mainboard specification available today, developed by VIA Technologies, Inc. as part of the company's open industry-wide total connectivity initiative. The mainboard enables the creation of an exciting new generation of small, ergonomic, innovative and affordable embedded systems. Through high level of integration, mini-ITX only occupy 66% of the size of FlexATX mainboard form factor.

This chapter includes the following sections:

Mainboard Specifications	1-2
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## **Mainboard Specifications**

#### CPU

- Intel<sup>®</sup> Pentium<sup>®</sup> 4, Celeron<sup>®</sup> Processor (Willamette / Northwood 478pin)
- + 533 / 400 MHz Front Side Bus Support up to 3.06 GHz CPU only

#### Chipset

- VIA P4N266A North Bridge
- VT8235 South Bridge

#### Memory

• 1 x DDR266 DIMM socket (up to 1 GB)

#### **Expansion Slots**

• 1 x PCI

#### Graphics

• Integrated S3 ProSavage8 AGP4X graphics

#### Audio

• VIA VT1616, six-channel AC'97 Codec

#### IEEE 1394

• VIA VT6307S, IEEE 1394

#### LAN

• VIA VT6103 10 / 100 Base-T Ethernet PHY

#### IDE

• 2 x UltraDMA 133/100/66 Connector

#### Floppy

• 1 x FDD Connector

#### **Back Panel I/O Ports**

- 1 x PS2 mouse port
- 1 x PS2 keyboard port
- 1 x VGA port
- 1 x S-Video port
- 1 x RCA port (used for either SPDIF or TV-out)
- 1 x Parallel
- 1 x RJ-45 LAN port
- 2 x USB 2.0/1.1 ports
- 1 x Serial port
- 3 x Audio jacks: line-out, line-in and mic-in

#### **Onboard I/O Connectors**

- 2 x USB conncetors for 4 additional USB 2.0 ports
- 1 x IEEE 1394 Port
- 1 x Front-panel Audio pin-header for Line-Out, MIC-In
- 1 x CD Audio-in connector
- 1 x Buzzer
- 1 x SM Bus connector
- 1 x SIR connector
- 1 x CIR connector (Switchable for KB / MS)
- 1 x Wake-on-LAN connector
- 3 x Fan connectors (CPU Fan / SYS Fan / Fan 3)
- 1 x Connectors for LVDS module (Optional)
- 1 x Serial port connector for second COM port

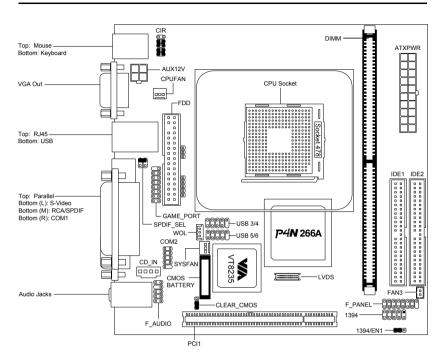
#### BIOS

• Award BIOS on 2/4Mbit flash memory

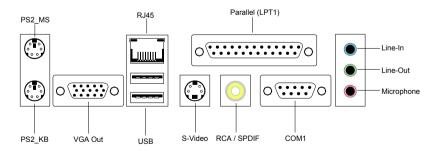
#### Form Factor

• 17 cm X 17 cm Mini-ITX (4 layers)

## **Mainboard Layout**



#### **Back Panel**



## **Back Panel Ports**

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Audio Jacks	Line-Out, Line-In, Microphone	2-11
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## Installation

This chapter provides you with information about hardware setup procedures. While installing the mainboard, carefully hold the components and closely follow the installation procedures. Some components may be damaged if they are installed incorrectly.

It is recommended to use a grounded wrist strap before handling computer components. Static electricity can damage some components.

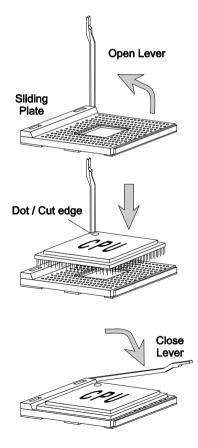
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## **CPU** Installation

The mainboard supports the Intel\* Pentium\* 4 Willamette/Northwood and Celeron\* processors in the 478 pin package (PGA478). When installing the CPU, **ensure the CPU has a large-size heatsink and a cooling fan attached on the top to prevent overheating.** If the heatsink and cooling fan are not included with the CPU, contact your dealer to purchase and install them before turning on the computer.

#### **CPU Installation**



- 1. Pull the lever sideways away from the socket. Then raise the lever up to a 90-degree angle.
- 2. Look for the dot/cut edge. The dot/ cut edge should point towards the lever pivot. The CPU will only fit in the correct orientation.
- 3. Hold the CPU down firmly, then close the lever shut to complete the installation.

#### **CPU Fan Installation**

As processor technology pushes to faster speeds and higher performance, thermal management becomes increasingly important. To dissipate heat, you MUST attach the CPU cooling fan and heatsink on top of the CPU.

Overheating will cause serious damage to the CPU and system. Ensure the cooling fan and heatsink work properly to protect the CPU from overheating. Follow the instructions below to install the Heatsink/Fan:

- 1. Locate the CPU and its retention mechanism on the mainboard.
- 2. Position the heatsink and fan onto the retention mechanism.
- 3. Mount the fan on top of the heatsink. Press down the fan firmly until its four clips become wedged in the holes of the retention mechanism.



4. Press the two levers down to secure the fan. Each lever can be pressed down in only ONE direction.

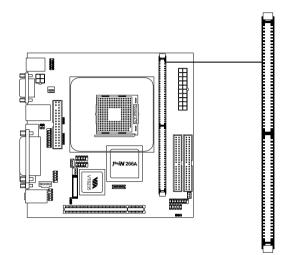


5. Connect the fan power cable from the mounted fan to the 3-pin fan power connector on the mainboard.



## **Memory Module Installation**

The Insight Solutions P4-ITX Mini-ITX Mainboard provides one DIMM slot for DDR SDRAM memory modules.



You can install either single sided or double sided 184-pin DDR DIMM modules into the DDR DIMM sockets, depending on your requirements. Differing from SDR DIMM, DDR DIMM modules have only one notch on the center of the module. The number of pins on either side of the breaks are also different. The memory modules will only fit if placed in the correct orientation.

#### **SDRAM Module Installation Procedures.**

1. The DDR DIMM module has only one notch on the center.



2. Align the SDRAM module with the corresponding notches on the DIMM slot. The modules will only fit if placed in the correct position.

3. With both hands, press the SDRAM module down into the DIMM slot so that the white retaining latches rotate up and secure the module in place (see picture below).



#### **Available SDRAM Configurations**

Refer to the table below for available SDRAM configurations on the mainboard.

Slot Memory Module Total Men		Total Memory
DIMM (Bank 0 & 1)	64MB, 128MB, 256MB, 512MB, 1GB	64 MB - 1 GB
Maximum System Memory Supported 64 MB - 1 GB		

### **Connecting the Power Supply**

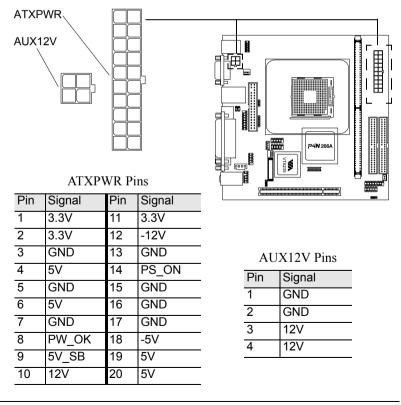
The mainboard requires an ATX power supply for powering the system. Before inserting the power supply connector, always make sure that all components are installed properly to ensure that no damage will be caused.

#### ATX 20-Pin Power Connector: ATXPWR

This connector is for the ATX power supply. To connect to the ATX power supply, make sure the plugs of the power supply are inserted in the correct orientation and the pins are properly aligned. Then, push down the plugs firmly into the connector.

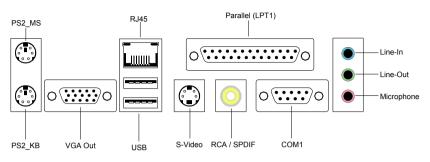
#### AUX 12-Volt Power Connector: AUX12V

This 12V power connector is used to provide power to the CPU.



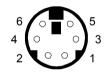
## **Back Panel Ports**

The back panel has the following ports:



#### Mouse Port: PS2\_MS

The mainboard provides a standard PS/2 mouse connector for attaching a PS/2 mouse. You can plug a PS/2 mouse directly into this connector. The connector location and pin assignments are as follows.



PS2 Mouse (6-pin female)

Pin	Signal	Description
1	Mouse DATA	Mouse data
2	NC	No connection
3	GND	Ground
4	VCC	+5V
5	Mouse Clock	Mouse clock
6	NC	No connection

#### Keyboard Port: PS2\_KB

The mainboard provides a standard PS/2 keyboard connector for attaching a PS/2 keyboard. You can plug a PS/2 keyboard directly into this connector.

	Pin	Signal	Description
6 0 5	1	Mouse DATA	Mouse data
4 ( ○ ■ ○ ) 3	2	NC	No connection
2 0 1 PS2 Keyboard (6-pin female)	3	GND	Ground
	4	VCC	+5V
	5	Mouse Clock	Mouse clock
	6	NC	No connection

#### VGA Out

A DB-15 pin female connector that connects to a VGA monitor.

#### RJ45 10/100 NIC Port

The mainboard provides one standard RJ-45 port for connection to the Local Area Network (LAN). You can connect a network cable to the LAN port.

#### **USB** Ports

The mainboard provides 2 USB 2.0/1.1 ports (plus 1 pin-header for up to 2 additional USB 2.0/1.1 ports). USB-compatible devices can be plugged directly into these ports.

Pin	Signal	Description	
1	VCC	+5V	
2	-DATA	Negative Data Channel	
3	+DATA	Positive Data Channel	
4	GND	Ground	

#### **S-Video Port**

This port allows S-Video output in NTSC and PAL modes.

#### **RCA Video or S/PDIF Port**

This dual function port may be used either as a RCA Video port or as a S/PDIF port. See SPDIF\_SEL in the Jumpers section for more details.

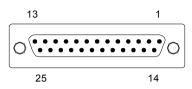






#### Parallel Port: LPT1

The mainboard provides a 25-pin female connector for LPT (parallel port). A parallel port is a standard printer port that supports Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) and Extended Capabilities Parallel Port (ECP) modes.



	· ·	
Pin	Signal	Description
1	STROBE	Strobe
2	DATA0	Data 0
3	DATA1	Data 1
4	DATA2	Data 2
5	DATA3	Data 3
6	DATA4	Data 4
7	DATA5	Data 5
8	DATA6	Data 6
9	DATA7	Data 7
10	ACK#	Acknowledge
11	BUSY	Busy
12	PE	Paper End
13	SELECT	Select
14	AUTOFEED#	Automatic Feed
15	ERR#	Error
16	INIT#	Initialize Printer
17	SLIN#	Select In
18	GND	Ground
19	GND	Ground
20	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground
22	GND	Ground
23	GND	Ground
24	GND	Ground
25	GND	Ground
		1

#### Serial Ports: COM1, COM2

The mainboard offers two 9-pin male Serial Port connectors (COM 1 and COM 2). You can attach a serial mouse or other serial devices directly to these ports.

	Pin	Signal	Description
1 5	1	DCD	Data Carry Detect
	2	SIN	Serial In or Receive Data
0(•••••)0	3	SOUT	Serial Out or Transmit Data
6 9	4	DTR	Data Terminal Ready
	5	GND	Ground
9-Pin Serial Port	6	DSR	Data Set Ready
	7	RTS	Request To Send
	8	CTS	Clear To Send
	9	RI	Ring Indicate

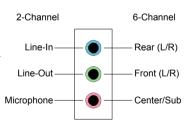
#### Audio Jacks: Line-In, Line-Out, Microphone

Jack	2-Channel	6-Channel
Line-In	Line in	Rear (Left / Right)
Line-Out	Line out	Front (Left / Right)
Mic	Microphone	Center / Subwoofer

The **Line-Out** jack is for connecting to external speakers or headphones.

The **Line-In** jack is for connecting to an external audio device such as a CD player, tape player, etc...

The **Mic** jack is for connecting to a microphone.

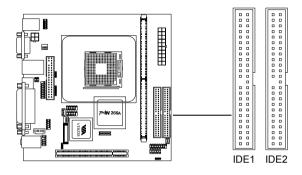


When 6-channel applications are used, all three jacks become output connectors with Smart 5.1 (See Appendix A) In order for the 6-channel audio to function, the operating system and multimedia application must be properly configured. Please note that Windows 98 only supports 4-channel audio.

#### Connectors

#### Hard Disk Connectors: IDE1 & IDE2

The mainboard has a 32-bit Enhanced PCI IDE and Ultra DMA 66/100 controller that provides PIO mode 0~4, Bus Master, and Ultra DMA 66/100 functions. You can connect up to four hard disk drive, CD-ROM, LS-120 and other devices. These connectors utilize the provided IDE hard disk cable.



#### IDE1 (Primary IDE Connector)

The first hard drive should always be connected to IDE1. IDE1 can connect a Master and a Slave drive. You must configure the second hard drive to Slave mode by setting the jumper accordingly.

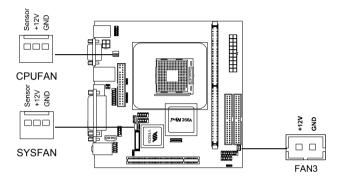
#### IDE2 (Secondary IDE Connector)

IDE2 can also connect a Master and a Slave drive.

If you install two hard disks on a single cable, you must set the jumper on the second hard disk drive to slave mode. Please refer to the hard disk documentation supplied by hard disk vendor for the jumper settings.

#### Fan Power Connectors: CPUFAN SYSFAN & FAN 3

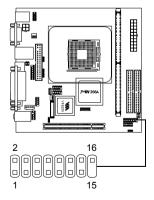
The CPUFAN (CPU fan) and SYSFAN (chassis fan) both run on +12V to maintain system cooling. When connecting the wire to the connectors, always be aware that the red wire is the **Positive** and should be connected to the +12V. The black wire is **Ground** and should be connected to GND. Both CPU and chasis fan connectors have sensors to detect fan speed. FAN3 is an additional FAN connector.



#### Case Connectors: F\_PANEL

The F\_PANEL connector block allows you to connect to the power switch, reset switch, power LED, HDD LED, SLED and the Speaker on the case.

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	PWR LED+	2	HDD LED+
3	PWR LED+	4	HDD LED-
5	PWR LED-	6	PW_BN+
7	SPEAKER+	8	PW_BN-
9	NC	10	RESET+
11	NC	12	RESET-
13	SPEAKER-	14	SLED+
15	NC	16	SLED-



#### **Power Switch**

Connect to a 2-pin push button switch. Pressing this button will turn the system power on or off.

#### **Reset Switch**

The Reset Switch is used to reboot the system rather than turning the power ON/OFF. Avoid rebooting while the HDD is working. You can connect the Reset Switch from the system case to this pin.

#### Power LED

The LED is lit when the system is power on. If the system is in S1 (POS - Power On Suspend) or S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state, the LED will blink.

#### HDD LED

HDD LED shows the activity of a hard disk drive. Avoid turning the power off while HDD LED is lit. Connect the HDD LED from the system case to this pin.

#### SLED

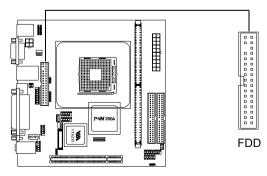
The SLED is lit when the system is in the S1 (POS - Power On Suspend) state.

#### Speaker

The speaker from the system case is connected to this pin.

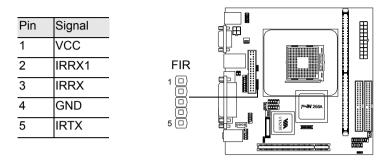
#### Floppy Disk Drive Connector: FDD

The floppy disk drive connector supports 360K, 720K, 1.2M. 1.44M, and 2.88M floppy disk types.



#### Fast IrDA Infrared Module Connector: FIR

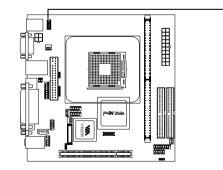
This connector allows you to connect an IrDA Infrared module. You must configure the setting through the BIOS setup to activate the IR function.



#### Consumer Infrared Module, PS2 Header: CIR / EXT\_KBMS

When the header is not in use, please short pin 3&5, pin 4&6, pin 7&9, and pin 8&10.

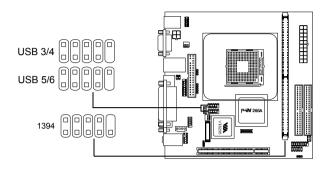
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+5V	2	GND
3	KB_CLK	4	KB_DATA
5	EXT_KBCLK	6	EXT_KBDATA
7	MS_CLK	8	MS_DATA
9	EXT_MSCLK	10	EXT_MSDATA



CIR / EXT\_KBMS

#### Universal Serial Bus Connectors: USB 3/4, 5/6

The mainboard provides 2 front USB pin-header connectors, allowing up to 4 additional USB 2.0 ports. USB 2-port modules can be connected to these pin-headers.

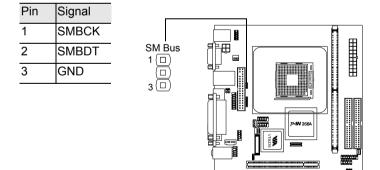


#### 1394 Port Connector: 1394

The mainboard provides a connector to attach an external 1394 port.

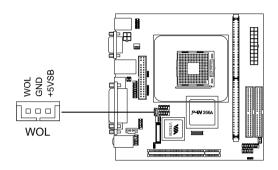
#### SM\_Bus Connector: SM Bus

This is for connecting a SM Bus device.



#### Wake-on LAN: WOL

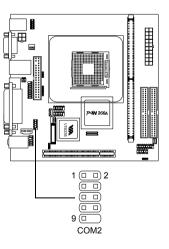
This connector allows you to connect a network card with the Wake-On LAN function. The connector will power up the system when a signal is received through the network card. Please note that the function of ACPI WOL may be disabled when users unplug the power cord or turn off the power button manually.



#### **COM2: The Second Serial Port**

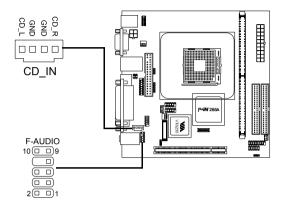
COM2 is a pin header for second serial port.

Pin	Signal	Description
1	DCD	Data Carry Detect
2	SIN	Serial In or Receive Data
3	SOUT	Serial Out or Transmit Data
4	DTR	Data Terminal Ready
5	GND	Ground
6	DSR	Data Set Ready
7	RTS	Request To Send
8	CTS	Clear To Send
9	RI	Ring Indicate



#### CD Audio Connector: CD\_IN

This connector is for the CD-RO $\overline{M}$  audio connector.



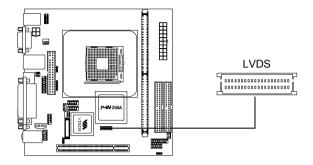
#### Front Audio Panel: F\_AUDIO

This connector allows you to connect a front audio panel to the mainboard. Only the line-out and microphone functions are available for use on the front panel. To connect the front audio cable, first remove the two red plastic jumpers.

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	FRN_MIC	2	AGND
3	AUD_MIC_BIA S	4	+5V
5	LINE_OUT_R	6	Next_R
7	NC	8	Keypin
9	LINE_OUT_L	10	Next_L

#### **LVDS Connector: LVDS**

This connector is for the LVDS output connection.



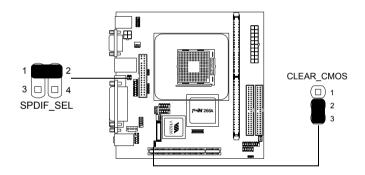
## Jumpers

The mainboard provides jumpers for setting the mainboard's functions. This section will explain how to change settings for your mainboard's functions through the use of the jumpers.

#### Clear CMOS: CLEAR\_CMOS

The onboard CMOS RAM stores system configuration data and has an onboard battery power supply. The long-life battery has a lifetime of at least 5 years. If you want to clear the system configuration data from the CMOS RAM, use the CLEAR\_CMOS (Clear CMOS jumper). Follow the instructions below to clear the data:

CMOS	1	2	3
Clear	ON	ON	OFF
Keep	OFF	ON	ON



#### RCA Video or S/PDIF Select: SPDIF\_SEL

Users can select either RCA Video or S/PDIF as the enabled function on the dual-purpose port. For TV-out composite function, please short 1-2. For

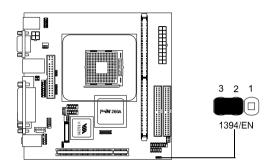
RCA Video, short 3-4 (default) CHECK TABLE .

Setting	1	2	3	4
RCA	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
SPDIF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON

#### Enable 1394 Port on Back Panel: 1394/EN

This jumper allows you to enable/disable the 1394 port on the back panel.1

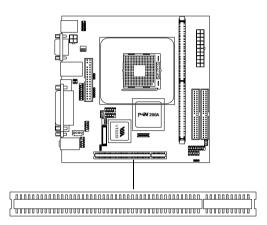
	1	2	3
Enable	ON	ON	OFF
Disable	OFF	ON	ON



## Slots

#### **Peripheral Component Interconnect: PCI**

The PCI slot allows you to insert PCI expansion card. When adding or removing expansion cards, make sure that you unplug the power supply first. Meanwhile, read the documentation for the expansion card to make any necessary hardware or software settings for the expansion card, such as jumpers, switches or BIOS configuration.



#### **PCI Interrupt Request Routing**

The IRQ, abbreviation of interrupt request line and pronounced I-R-Q, are hardware lines over which devices can send interrupt signals to the micro-processor. The "PCI & LAN" IRQ pins are typically connected to the PCI bus INT A# ~ INT D# pins as follows:

	Order 1	Order 2	Order 3	Order 4
PCI Slot	INT B#	INT C#	INT D#	INT A#
IEEE 1394	INT B#			

## **BIOS Setup**

This chapter gives you detailed explaination of each BIOS setup functions.

This chapter includes the following sections:

Entering Setup	3-2
Control Keys	3-2
Gettings Help	3-3
The Main Menu	3-4
Standard CMOS Features	3-6
Advanced BIOS Features	3-8
Advanced Chipset Features	3-12
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Frequency Control	3-27
Load Fail-Safe Defaults	3-29
Load Optimized Defaults	3-30
Set Supervisor / User Password	3-31
Save & Exit Setup	3-33
Exit Without Saving	3-34

# **Entering Setup**

Power on the computer and press **Delete** straight away to enter the BIOS setup menu. If you missed the BIOS setup entry point, you may restart the system and try again.

# **Control Keys**

Keys	Description
Up Arrow	Move to the previous item
Down Arrow	Move to the next item
Left Arrow	Move to the item in the left side
Right Arrow	Move to the item in the right side
Enter	Select the item
Escape	Jumps to the Exit menu or returns to the main menu from a submenu
Page Up / +	Increase the numeric value or make changes
Page Down / -	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
F1	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
F5	Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu
F6	Load the default CMOS value from Fail-Safe default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu
F7	Load Optimized defaults
F9	Jumps to the Main Menu
F10	Save all the CMOS changes and exit

# **Getting Help**

#### Main Menu

The main menu displays all BIOS setup categories. Use the control keys **Up/Down Arrow Keys** to select any item/sub-menu. Description of the selected/highlighted category is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

#### Sub-Menu

If you find a right pointer symbol (as shown in the right view) appears on the left of certain fields, this means a sub-menu is available. The sub-menu contains additional options. You can use control keys **Up/Down Arrow**  ► IDE Primary Master

- IDE Primary Slave
- IDE Secondary Maste
- ▶ IDE Secondary Slave

**Keys** to highlight the field and press **Enter** to enter the sub-menu. To return from the sub-menu press **Esc**.

## General Help: F1

The BIOS setup program provides a General Help screen. You can call up this screen from any menu/sub-menu by pressing **F1**. The help screen displays the keys for use and navigate the BIOS setup. Press **Esc** to exit the help screen.

# The Main Menu

The Main Menu contains twelve setup functions and two exit choices. Use arrow keys to select the items and press **Enter** to accept or enter the submenu.

Phoenix - Award Workst	tationBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
► Standard CMOS Features	▶ Frequency Control
► Advanced BIOS Features	Load Fail-Safe Defaults
▶ Advanced Chipset Features	Load Optimized Defaults
▶ Integrated Peripherals	Set Supervisor Password
▶ Power Management Setup	Set User Password
▶ PnP/PCI Configurations	Save & Exit Setup
▶ PC Health Status	Exit Without Saving
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	†↓→← : Select Item
Time, Date,	Hard Disk Type

## **Standard CMOS Features**

Use this menu to set basic system configurations.

#### **Advanced BIOS Features**

Use this menu to set the advanced features available on your system.

#### **Advanced Chipset Features**

Use this menu to set chipset specific features and optimize system performance.

#### **Integrated Peripherals**

Use this menu to set onboard peripherals features.

## **Power Management Setup**

Use this menu to set onboard power management functions.

## **PnP/PCI** Configurations

Use this menu to set the PnP and PCI configurations.

#### PC Health Status

This menu shows the PC health status.

#### **Frequency/Voltage Control**

Use this menu to set the system frequency and voltage control.

#### Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Use this menu option to load the BIOS default settings for minimal and stable system operations.

## Load Optimized Defaults

Use this menu option to load BIOS default settings for optimal and high performance system operations.

#### Set Supervisor Password

Use this menu option to set the BIOS supervisor password.

#### Set User Password

Use this menu option to set the BIOS user password.

#### Save & Exit Setup

Save BIOS setting changes and exit setup.

#### **Exit Without Saving**

Abandon all BIOS setting changes and exit setup.

# **Standard CMOS Features**

Date (mm:dd:yy) Time (bh:mm:ss)	Mon, May 13 2002 10 : 43 : 59	Item Help
<ul> <li>IDE Primary Master</li> <li>IDE Primary Slave</li> <li>IDE Secondary Master</li> <li>IDE Secondary Slave</li> </ul>	[ None] [ None]	Menu Level ► Change the day, month year and century
Drive A Drive B	[1.44M, 3.5 in.] [None]	
Halt On	[All , But Keyboard]	
Base Memory Extended Memory Total Memory	65535K 64512K 64512K	

#### Date

The date format is <Day><Month><Date><Year>.

Day - day of the week, for example Friday. Read-only.

Month - the month from Jan to Dec.

Date - the date from 1 to 31.

Year - the year, range from 1999 to 2098.

#### Time

The time format is <Hour><Minute><Second>.

#### Drive A/B

Set the type of floppy drive installed. Settings: None, 360K (5.25 in.), 1.2M (5.25 in.), 720K (3.5 in.), 1.44M (3.5 in.), 2.88M (3.5 in.)

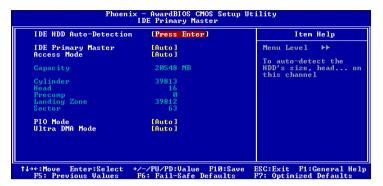
#### Halt On

Determine the system behaviour if an error is detected at boot. Settings are:

- All Errors System halts when any error is detected.
- No Errors System does not halt for any error.
- All, But Keyboard System halts for all non-key errors.
- All, But Diskette System halts for all non-disk errors.
- All, But Disk/Key System halts for all non-key and non-disk errors.

#### IDE Primary Master/Slave, Secondary Master/Slave

Press **Enter** to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:



The specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category. Select *Auto* whenever possible. If you select *Manual*, make sure the information provided is from your hard disk vendor or system manufacturer.

IDE <primary Master&gt;</primary 	The name of this menu item will match the name of the menu. The settings are None, Auto, Manual.
Access Mode	The settings are CHS, LBA, Large, Auto.
Capacity	The formatted size of the storage device.
Cylinder	Number of cylinders.
Head	Number of heads.
Precomp	Write precompensation.
Landing Zone	Cylinder location of the landing zone.
Sector	Number of sectors.
PIO Mode	The settings are Mode 0/1/2/3/4, Auto.
Ultra DMA Mode	The settings are Disabled and Auto.

# Advanced BIOS Features

Phoenix — Award WorkstationBIOS CMOS Se Advanced BIOS Features	tup Utility
Uirus Warning [Disabled] CPU Hyper-Threading [Enabled]	Item Help
CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking [Enabled] Quick Power On Self Test [Enabled]	Menu Level 🔸
First Boot Device [Floppy]	Allows you to choose
Second Boot Device [HDD-0] Third Boot Device [LS120]	the UIRUS warning feature for IDE Hard
Boot Other Device [Enabled] Swap Floppy Drive [Disabled]	Disk boot sector protection. If this
Boot Up Floppy Seek [Disabled] Boot Up NumLock Status [On]	function is enabled and someone attempt to
Typematic Rate Setting [Enabled] Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)[30]	write data into this area , BIOS will show
Typematic Delay (Msec) [250] Security Option [Setup]	a warning message on screen and alarm beep
MPS Version Control For OS[1.4] Display Full Screen Logo [Enabled]	
Show Summary Information [Enabled] Display Small Logo [Disabled]	
	ESC:Exit F1:General Help F7: Optimized Defaults

#### **Virus Warning**

Set the Virus Warning feature for IDE Hard Disk boot sector protection. If the function is enabled, any attempt to write data into this area will cause a beep and warning message display on screen. Settings: *Disabled* and *Enabled* 

#### **CPU Hyper-Threading**

If the function is enabled, the processor is able to run multiple threads simultaneously. See Appendix A-9 for more detailed information. Settings: *Disabled* and *Enabled*.

#### **CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking**

Set the ECC (Error-Correcting Code) feature for Level 2 cache. Facilitates error detection/correction when data passes through Level 2 cache. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled* 

#### **Quick Power On Self Test**

Shorten Power On Self Test (POST) cycle and enable shorter bootup time. Allow BIOS to skip some check items during POST. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled* 

#### **First/Second/Third Boot Device**

Set the boot device sequence as BIOS attempts to load the disk operating system. The settings are:

Floppy	The system will boot from floppy drive.
LS120	The system will boot from LS-120 drive.
HDD-0	The system will boot from first HDD.
SCSI	The system will boot from SCSI.
CD-ROM	The system will boot from CD-ROM.
HDD-1	The system will boot from second HDD.
HDD-2	The system will boot from third HDD.
HDD-3	The system will boot from fourth HDD.
ZIP100	The system will boot from ATAPI ZIP drive.
USB-FDD	The system will boot from USB floppy drive.
USB-ZIP	The system will boot from USB ZIP drive.
USB-CDROM	The system will boot from USB CDROM.
USB-HDD	The system will boot from USB HDD.
LAN	The system will boot from network drive.
Disabled	Disable this sequence.

#### **Boot Other Device**

Enable the system to boot from other devices if the system fails to boot from the First/Second/Third boot device. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled* 

#### **Swap Floppy Drive**

If the system has two floppy drives, choose *Enabled* to assign physical drive B to logical drive A and vice versa. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled* 

#### **Boot Up Floppy Seek**

Set floppy seek during POST, BIOS will determine whether the floppy is 40 or 80 tracks. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled* 

Chapter 3

#### **Boot Up NumLock Status**

Set the NumLock status when the system is powered on. *On* will turn key pad into number keys, and *Off* will turn key pad into arrow keys. Settings: *On* and *Off* 

## **Typematic Rate Setting**

When *Disabled*, the following two items (Typematic Rate and Typematic Delay) are irrelevant. Keystrokes repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard controller in your system. When *Enabled*, you can select a typematic rate and typematic delay. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled* 

#### Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)

When Typematic Rate Setting is enabled, this item allows you to set the rate (characters/second) at which the keys are accelerated. Settings: 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24 and 30

#### Typematic Delay (Msec)

When Typematic Rate Setting is enabled, this item allows you to select the delay between when the key was first pressed and when the acceleration begins. Settings: *250, 500, 750* and *1000* 

## **Security Option**

If you have set a password, select whether the password is required every time the System boots, or only when you enter Setup. Settings are described below:

Setup	The password prompt appears only when end users try to run Setup.
System	A password prompt appears every time when the computer is powered on or when end users try to run Setup.

## **MPS Version Control For OS**

Choose which MPS version control for OS. Settings: 1.1 and 1.4.

#### Display Full Screen Logo

Show full screen logo during BIOS bootup process. Settings: Enabled and Disabled

#### **Show Summary Information**

Settings: Enabled and Disabled

#### **Display Small Logo**

Show small energy star logo during BIOS bootup process. Settings: Enabled and Disabled

# **Advanced Chipset Features**

The Advanced Chipset Features menu is used for optimizing the chipset functions.

AGP Aperture Size AGP Mode	[128M] [4X]	Item Help
Nor Mode GR Driving Control GR Driving Usalue FPU to PCI POSI Write select Display Device U Type U_Connector anel Type GR Share Memory Size FR Address Conversion FB Address Conversion	[Auto] Emabled] ECRT+TU] ECRT+TU] ECRTSI [UNSC] [1024#768] [132M] EEnabled]	Menu Level ►

WARNING: Do not change these settings unless you are familiar with the chipset.

## AGP Aperture Size

This setting controls how much memory space can be allocated to AGP for video purposes. The aperture is a portion of the PCI memory address range dedicated to graphics memory address space. Host cycles that hit the aperture range are forwarded to the AGP without any translation. Settings: *4MB*, *8MB*, *16MB*, *32MB*, *64MB*, *128MB*, and *256MB* 

## AGP Mode

This mainboard supports the AGP 4x interface. When the AGP 4x video card is used, it can transfer video data at 1066MB/s. AGP 4x is backward-compatible, leave the default 4x mode on if unsure. When set to 1x mode, the maximum transfer rate it at 266MB/s, and 2x mode transfers data at 533MB/s. AGP8x mode can be detected automatically once you plug in the AGP8x card. Settings: *4X*, *2X and 1X*.

#### AGP Driving Control

The setting is used to adjust AGP driving force. Selecting *Manual* allows you to type a AGP driving force in <u>AGP Driving Value</u>. It is strongly suggested to select *Auto* to avoid causing any system error. Settings: *Auto* and *Manual*.

## **CPU to PCI POST Write**

When *Enabled*, CPU can write up to four words of data to the PCI write buffer before CPU must wait for PCI bus cycle to finish. If *Disabled*, CPU must wait after each write cycle until PCI bus signals that it is ready to receive more data. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled* 

#### **Select Display Device**

This setting refers to the type of display being used with the system. Settings: *CRT*, *TV*, *CRT* + *TV*, *LCD* and *CRT* + *LCD* 

#### TV Type

This setting refers to the type of TV signal to be used when a TV is connected to the TV-out. Settings: *NTSC*, *PAL* and *PALM* 

## TV\_Connector

This setting refers to the type of TV connector being used when a TV is connected to the TV-out. Settings: CVBES, S-Video 0, R/G/B, Cr/Y/Cb, SDTV-R/G/B, SDTV-Pr/Y/Pb and S-Video 1.

## **Panel Select**

This setting refers to the native resolution of the display being used with the system. Settings: *1024x768, 800x600* and *640x480* 

## VGA Share Memory Size

This setting refers to the VGA share memory size. Settings: 8M, 16M and 32M.

Chapter 3

#### **FB** Address Conversion

Set the Frame Buffer address conversion mechanism. This feature optimizes MA table for VGA frame buffer accesses according to DRAM page size in use. It is expected to improve VGA performance. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

## **FB** Page Close Prediction

Set the Frame Buffer Page Close Prediction function. This feature automatically closes those frame-buffer DRAM pages no longer needed. It is expected to improve DRAM related performance. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

# **Integrated Peripherals**

► SuperIO Device	[Press Enter]	Item Help
Onboard IDE Channel 1 Onboard IDE Channel 2 IDE Prefetch Mode	[Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]	Menu Level ►
Display Card Priority Onboard Lan Boot ROM	[PCI Slot] [Disabled]	
AC97 Audio MC97 Modem VIA OnChip LAN	[Auto] [Auto] [Enabled]	
USB Keyboard Support	[Disabled]	

## **Onboard IDE Channel 1/2**

The integrated peripheral controller contains an IDE interface with support for two IDE channels. Choose *Enabled* to activate each channel separately. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled* 

#### **IDE Prefetch Mode**

This allows your hard disk controller to use the fast block mode to transfer data to and from the hard disk drive. Block mode is also called block transfer, multiple commands or multiple sector read/write. *Enabled* enables IDE controller to use block mode; *Disabled* allows the controller to use standard mode. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled* 

#### **Display Card Priority**

This setting specifies which VGA card is your primary graphics adapter. Settings: *PCI Slot* and *AGP* 

#### **Onboard Lan Boot ROM**

Enable Onboard Lan Boot ROM for DOS and Windows. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

## AC97 Audio

*Auto* allows the mainboard to detect whether an audio device is used. If the device is detected, the onboard VIA AC'97 (Audio Codec'97) controller will be enabled; if not, it is disabled. Disable the controller if you want to use other controller cards to connect to an audio device. Settings: *Auto* and *Disabled* 

# VIA OnChip LAN

This setting allows you to make VIA OnChip LAN enabled or disabled. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled* 

## **USB Keyboard Support**

Enable USB Keyboard Support for DOS and Windows. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled* 

#### SuperIO Device

Press **Enter** to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:



#### **Onboard FDC Controller**

Enable the onboard floppy controller. Select *Enabled* when you have installed a floppy disk drive. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled* 

#### **Onboard Serial Port 1/2**

Set the base I/O port address and IRQ for the onboard serial port A/serial port B. Selecting *Auto* allows BIOS to automatically determine the correct base I/O port address. Settings: *Disabled*, *3F8/IRQ4*, *2F8/IRQ3*, *3E8/IRQ4*, *2E8/IRQ3* and *Auto* 

#### **Onboard Parallel Port**

This specifies the I/O port address and IRQ of the onboard parallel port. Settings: *Disabled*, 378/IRQ7, 278/IRQ5 and 3BC/IRQ7

#### **Parallel Mode**

Set the parallel port mode. To operate the onboard parallel port as Standard Parallel Port, choose *SPP*. To operate the onboard parallel port in the EPP mode, choose *EPP*. By choosing *ECP*, the onboard parallel port will operate in ECP mode. Choosing *ECP* + *EPP* will allow the onboard parallel port to support both the ECP and EPP modes

simultaneously. Settings are:

Normal	Standard Parallel Port
EPP	Enhanced Parallel Port
ECP	Extended Capability Port
ECP + EPP	Extended Capability Port + Enhanced Parallel Port

#### EPP Mode Select

Select the Enhance Parallel Port mode. Settings: EPP1.9 and EPP1.7.

#### ECP Mode Use DMA

Select a DMA channel for the port. Settings: 1 and 3

#### **Game Port Address**

Set I./O port address for onboard game port. Settings: Disabled and 200.

#### Midi Port Address

Set I./O port address for onboard midi port. Settings: *Disabled*, 330 and 300.

#### Midi Port IRQ

Set an IRQ for the onboard midi port. This field is only available if midi port is not "Disabled". Settings: 5 and 10.

#### **Onboard Fast IR**

Enable Onboard Fast IR. Settings: Enabled and Disabled.

# **Power Management Setup**

The Power Management Setup menu configures the system to most effectively save energy while operating in a manner consistent with your own style of computer use.

ACPI Suspend Type HDD Power Down	[S1(POS)] [Disabled]	Item Help
Power Management Timer Video Off Option	[Disabled] [Suspend -> Off]	Menu Level 🕨 🕨
Power Off by PWRBTN Run UGABIOS if S3 Resume AC Loss Auto restart	- [Instant-Off]	This item allows you to select how the BI put system into powe saving mode.
▶ Peripherals Activities ▶ IRQs Activities	[Press Enter] [Press Enter]	S1(POS): System in low power mode
		\$3(\$TR): All components are power off except memory.
		S1 & S3: Depends on OS to select S1 or S

#### **ACPI Suspend Type**

Set the power saving mode for ACPI function. Settings are:

S1(POS)	S1/Power On Suspend (POS) is a low power state. In this state, no system context (CPU or chipset) is lost and hardware maintains all system context.
S3(STR)	S3/Suspend To RAM (STR) is a power-down state. In this state, power is supplied only to essential components such as main memory and wakeup- capable devices. The system context is saved to main memory, and context is restored from the memory when a "wakeup" event occurs.
S1 & S3	Depends on OS to select S1 or S3.

#### HDD Power Down

Set the time to power down HDD after hard disk inactivity. Settings: *Disable* and 1~15 (minutes)

Chapter 3

#### **Power Management Timer**

Set the idle time before system enters power saving mode. ACPI OS such as Windows XP will override this option. Settings: *Disable* and 1/2/4/6/8/10/20/30/ 40 (*minutes*) and 1 (*hour*)

# Video Off Option

Select whether or not to turn off the screen when system enters power saving mode, ACPI OS such as Windows XP will override this option. Settings are:

Always On	The screen is always on even when system enters power saving mode.
Suspend -> Off	The screen is turned off when system enters power saving mode.

## Power Off by PWRBTN

This field configures the power button function. Settings are:

Delay 4 Sec	The system is turned off if power button is pressed for more than four seconds.
Instant-Off	The power button functions as a normal power-on/- off buttton.

## Run VGABIOS if S3 Resume

Select whether to run VGA BIOS if resumed from S3 state. This is only necessary for older VGA drivers, select *Auto* if in doubt. Settings: *Auto*, Yes and No

## AC Loss Auto restart

The field defines how the system will act after an AC power loss during system operation. Choose the system power state when the AC power is

back. Settings are:

- Off Keep the system in off state until power button is pressed.
- On The system automatically restarts when AC power is back.

## **Peripheral Activities**

Press **Enter** to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

UGB Event LPT & COM Event HDD & FDD Event PCI Master Event PS2KB Wakeup from S3/S4/ PS2KB Wakeup from S3/S4/ USB Resume	'S5[Disabled] 'S5[Disabled]	Iten Help           Menu Level           Decide whether or no the power management unit should monitor           UGA activities.
PowerOn by PCI Card Wake On LAN/Ring connect RIC Alarn Resume Date (of Honth) Resume Time (hh:mm:ss)	LDisabled] or[Disabled] [Disabled]	

#### VGA Event

Decide whether or not the power management unit should monitor VGA activities. Settings: Off and On

#### LPT & COM Event

Decide whether or not the power management unit should monitor parallel port (LPT) and serial port (COM) activities. Settings: *None, LPT, COM* and *LPT/COM* 

#### HDD & FDD Event

Decide whether or not the power management unit should monitor hard disks and floppy drives activities. Settings: Off and On

#### PCI Master Event

Decide whether or not the power management unit should monitor PCI master activities. Settings: Off and On

#### PS2KB Wakeup Select

When select *Password*, please press **Page Up** or **Page Down** key to change *Password*, 8 characters maximum. Please note that PS2MS Wakeup from suspend and PS2KB Wakeup from suspend will be disabled while changing the passward. Settings: *Hot key* and *Password* 

#### PS2MS Wakeup from S3/S4/S5

This setting can be used to wakeup the system from power saving mode through mouse. Settings: *Disabled* and *Enabled* 

#### PS2KB Wakeup from S3/S4/S5

Select which Hot-Key to wake-up the system from power saving mode. Settings: Disabled, Ctrl+F1, Ctrl+F2, Ctrl+F3, Ctrl+F4, Ctrl+F5, Ctrl+F6, Ctrl+F7, Ctrl+F8, Ctrl+F9, Ctrl+F10, Ctrl+F11, Ctrl+F12, Power, Wake and Any Key

#### USB Resume

Decide whether or not USB devices can wake the system from suspend state. Settings: *Disabled* and *Enabled* 

#### PowerOn by PCI Card

Decide whether or not any PCI card can power up the system or resume from suspend state. Such PCI cards include LAN, onboard USB ports, etc. Settings: *Disabled* and *Enabled* 

#### **RTC Alarm Resume**

The field is used to enable or disable the feature of booting up the system on a scheduled time/date. Settings: *Disabled* and *Enabled* 

#### Date (of Month)

The field specifies the date for RTC Alarm Resume.

#### Resume Time (hh:mm:ss)

The field specifies the time for *RTC Alarm Resume*. Format is <hour><minute><second>.

## **IRQs** Activities

Press **Enter** to enter the sub-menu and the following screen appears:

Primary INTR	[0n]	Item Help
IR03       (COM 12)         IR04       (COM 11)         IR05       (LPT 22)         IR07       (LPT 12)         IR07       (LPT 13)         IR08       (RTC Alarm)         IR09       (IR02 Redir)         IR01       (Reserved)         IR011       (Reserved)         IR012       (Coprocessor)         IR013       (Coprocessor)         IR014       (Hard Disk)         IR015       (Reserved)	(Disabled) (Enabled) (Enabled) (Enabled) (Disabled) (Disabled) (Disabled) (Disabled) (Enabled) (Enabled) (Enabled) (Disabled)	Menu Level →→ If you choose Disable , the power managemen unit will not monitor any IRQ activities.

#### **Primary INTR**

Selecting *On* will cause the system to wake up from power saving modes if activity is detected from any enabled IRQ channels. Settings: *Off* and *On* 

#### IRQ3~IRQ15

Enables or disables the monitoring of the specified IRQ line. If set to *Enabled*, the activity of the specified IRQ line will prevent the system from entering power saving modes or awaken it from power saving modes.

**Note:** IRQ (Interrupt Request) lines are system resources allocated to I/O devices. When an I/O device needs to gain attention of the operating system, it signals this by causing an IRQ to occur. After receiving the signal, when the operating system is ready, the system will interrupt itself and perform the service required by the IO device.

# **PnP/PCI** Configurations

This section describes the BIOS configuration of the PCI bus system. This section covers some very technical items and it is strongly recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.

P PNP OS Installed Reset Configuration Data Resources Controlled By IRQ Resources Assign IRQ For UGA	WorkstationBlOS CHOS S nP/PCI Configurations [No] [Disabled] [Auto(ESCD)] [Enabled]	Iten Help Menu Level ► Select Yes if you are using a Plug and Play
Assign IRQ For USB	[Enabled]	capable operating system Select No if you need the BIOS to configure non-boot devices ESC:Exit F1:General Help
	: Fail-Safe Defaults	F7: Optimized Defaults

#### **PNP OS Installed**

When set to Yes, BIOS will only initialize the PnP cards used for booting (VGA, IDE, SCSI). The rest of the cards will be initialized by the PnP operating system like Windows<sup>®</sup> 95 or 98/98SE. When set to *No*, BIOS will initialize all the PnP cards. Set to *Yes* the operating system is Plug & Play capable. Settings: *No* and Yes

#### **Reset Configuration Data**

Normally, you leave this field *Disabled*. Select *Enabled* to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system can not boot. Settings: *Enabled* and *Disabled* 

## **Resource Controlled By**

The BIOS can automatically configure all the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. Choose *Auto(ESCD)* if unsure, the BIOS will automatically assign IRQ, DMA and memory base address fields. Settings: *Auto (ESCD)* and *Manual* 

#### **IRQ Resources**

The items are adjustable only when *Resources Controlled By* is set to *Manual*. Press **[Enter]** and you will enter the sub-menu of the items.

Phoenix - Au	ward WorkstationBIOS CMOS S IRQ Resources	etup Utility
IRQ-3 assigned to IRQ-4 assigned to IRQ-7 assigned to IRQ-7 assigned to IRQ-10 assigned to IRQ-11 assigned to IRQ-12 assigned to IRQ-14 assigned to IRQ-15 assigned to	(PCI Device] [PCI Device] [PCI Device] [PCI Device] [PCI Device] [PCI Device] [PCI Device] [PCI Device] [PCI Device]	Iten Help Menu Level →→ Legacy ISA for devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification, PCI/ISA PnP for devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture
1↓→←:Move Enter:Select F5: Previous Values	+/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save F6: Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC:Exit F1:General Help F7: Optimized Defaults

IRQ Resources list IRQ 3/4/5/7/9/10/11/12/14/15 for users to set each IRQ a type depending on the type of device using the IRQ. Settings:

PCI DeviceFor Plug & Play compatible devices designed for PCI<br/>bus architecture.ReservedThe IRQ will be reserved for further request.

#### Assign IRQ For VGA/USB

Assign IRQ for VGA and USB devices. Settings: Disabled and Enabled

# **PC Health Status**

This section shows the status of your CPU, fan, warning for overall system status.

Current CPU Temp CPU Fan Speed	Item Help
System Fan Speed + 120 + 50 + 3.30 CPU Ucore 508B	Menu Level ►

# Current CPU Temp, CPU Fan Speed, System Fan Speed, +12V, +5V, +3.3V, CPU Vcore, 5VSB.

These items display the current status of all of the monitored hardware devices/components such as CPU voltages, temperatures and all fans' speeds.

# **Frequency Control**

Phoenix - Award	WorkstationBIOS CMOS Se Frequency Control	etup Utility
DRAM Clock	[By SPD]	Item Help
DRAM Tining SDRAM CAS Latency Bank Interleave Precharge to Active(Trp) Active to Precharge(Tras) Active to CHD(Trcd) DRAM Command Rate DRAM Burst Len Spread Spectrum	[By SPD] [] [2] Conmand] [4] [Disabled]	Menu Level ►
	/PU/PD:Ualue F10:Save : Fail-Safe Defaults	ESC:Exit F1:General Help F7: Optimized Defaults

## **DRAM Clock**

The chipset supports synchronous and asynchronous mode between host clock and DRAM clock frequency. Settings: *By SPD, 100MHz* and 133MHz.

## **DRAM** Timing

This setting determines whether DRAM timing is configured by reading the contents of the SPD (Serial Presence Detect) EPROM on the DRAM module. Selecting *By SPD* makes SDRAM CAS Latency and Bank Interleave automatically determined by BIOS according to the configurations on the SPD. Settings: *Manual* and *By SPD*.

#### **SDRAM CAS Latency**

Set the time between SDRAM read command and when the data actually becomes available. Settings: 2 and 2.5.

#### **Bank Interleave**

Set the interleave mode of the SDRAM interface. Interleaving allows banks of SDRAM to alternate their refresh and access cycles. One bank will undergo its refresh cycle while another is being accessed. This improves performance of the SDRAM by masking the refresh time of each bank. Settings: *Disabled, 2 Bank* and *4 Bank*.

Chapter 3

#### Precharge to Active (Trp)

Set the time from DRAM precharge to active state. Settings: 27 and 37.

#### Active to Precharge (Tras)

Set the time from active back to precharge state. Settings: 57 and 67.

## Active to CMD (Trcd)

Set the time from active state to command state. Settings: 27 and 37.

## **DRAM Command Rate**

This setting controls the DRAM command rate. Selecting 1T allows DRAM signal controller to run at 1T (T=clock cycles) rate. Selecting 2T makes DRAM signal controller run at 2T rate. 1T is faster than 2T. Settings: *2T Command* and *1T Command*.

## **DRAM Burst Len**

This setting allows you to set the size for DRAM Burst-Length. The bigger the size, the faster the system addresses memory. Settings: *4* and *8*.

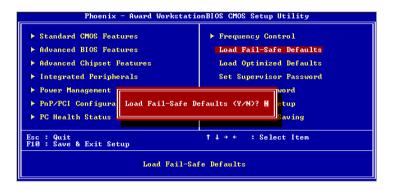
#### **Spread Spectrum**

When the mainboard's clock generator pulses, the extreme values (spikes) of the pulses creates EMI (Electromagnetic Interference). The Spread Spectrum function reduces the EMI generated by modulating the pulses so that the spikes of the pulses are reduced to flatter curves. If you do not have any EMI problems, leave the setting at Disabled for optimal system stability and performance. But if you are plagued by EMI, setting to Enabled for EMI reduction. Settings: *Disabled* and *Enabled*.

# Load Fail-Safe Defaults

This option on the main menu allows users to restore all the BIOS settings to the default Fail Safe values. These values are set by the mainboard manufacturer to provide a minimal and stable system.

When you select Load-Fail Safe Defaults, a message as below appears:

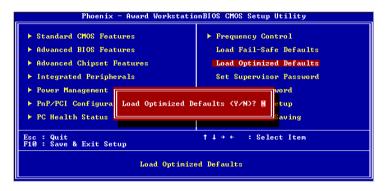


Entering Y loads the default BIOS values that provide a minimal and stable system configuration.

# Load Optimized Defaults

This option on the main menu allows users to restore all the BIOS settings to the default Optimized values. The Optimized Defaults are the default values also set by the mainboard manufacturer for both optimized and stable performance of the mainboard.

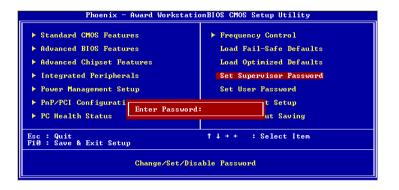
When you select Load Optimized Defaults, a message as below appears:



Entering Y loads the default values that are factory settings for optimal and stable system performance.

# Set Supervisor / User Password

When you select this function, a message as below will appear on the screen:



Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press **Enter**. The password typed now will clear any previously set password from CMOS memory. You will be prompted to confirm the password. Re-type the password and press **Enter**. You may also press **Esc** to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To clear a set password, just press **Enter** when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will show up confirming the password will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup without entering any password.

When a password has been set, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration.

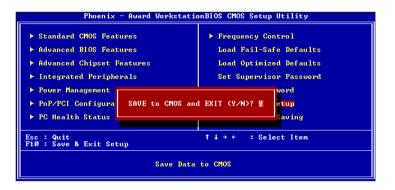
There are two types of passwords you can set. A Supervisor password and a User password. When a Supervisor password is used, the user can start BIOS Setup program and change the settings of the setup menus. When a User password is used, the user can start the BIOS Setup program but does not have the right to change the settings of the setup menus.

#### Chapter 3

Additionally, when a password is enabled, you can also have BIOS to request a password each time the system is booted. This would prevent unauthorized use of your computer. The setting to determine when the password prompt is required is the Security Option of the Advanced BIOS Features menu. If the Security Option is set to *System*, the password prompt only occurs when trying to enter Setup.

# Save & Exit Setup

When you want to quit the Setup menu, you can select this option to save the changes and quit. A message as below will appear on the screen:

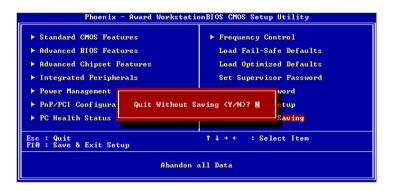


Entering Y will allow you to quit the Setup Utility and save the user setup changes to RTC CMOS.

Entering *N* will return to the Setup Utility.

# Exit Without Saving

When you want to quit the Setup menu, you can select this option to abandon the changes. A message as below will appear on the screen:



Entering Y will allow you to quit the Setup Utility without saving any changes to RTC CMOS.

Entering *N* will return to the Setup Utility.

# Chapter 4

# **Driver Installation**

This chapter gives you brief descriptions of each mainboard drivers and applications. You must install VIA chipset drivers first before installing other drivers such as audio or VGA drivers. The applications will only function correctly if the necessary drivers are already installed.

This chapter includes the following sections:

Driver Utilities CD Content

4-2

# **Driver Utilities CD Content**

#### **Getting Started**

The mainboard includes a Driver Utilities CD which contains driver utilities and software to enhance the performance of the mainboard. Please check that you have this CD in your retail box. If the CD is missing in your retail box, please contact your local dealer for the CD.

**Note:** The driver utilities and software are updated from time to time. Please visit VPSD website (http://www.viamainboard.com/) for the latest updated mainboard driver and utilities.

#### **Running the Driver Utilities CD**

To start using the CD, just simply insert the CD into your local CD-ROM or DVD-ROM drive. The CD should run automatically when you close your CD-ROM or DVD-ROM drive. The driver utilities and software menu screen should then appear on your desktop. If the CD does not run automatically, you can run the CD manually by typing "D:\Setup.exe" at Start\Run.

(Please note that D: might not be your CD-ROM/DVD-ROM drive letter. Make sure you type the correct letter of CD-ROM/DVD-ROM drive on your system).

# **CD** Content

The driver utilities and softwares in this CD are:

- VIA 4in1 Drivers: Contains VIA ATAPI Vendor Support Driver (enables the performance enhancing bus mastering functions on ATA-capable Hard Disk Drives and ensures IDE device compatibility), AGP VxD Driver (provides service routines to your VGA driver and interface directly to hardware, providing fast graphical access), IRQ Routing Miniport Driver (sets the system's PCI IRQ routing sequence) and VIA INF Driver (enables the VIA Power Management function).
- VIA Audio Driver: Enhance the onboard VIA audio chip.
- VIA USB 2.0 Driver: Enhance VIA USB 2.0 ports.
- VIA LAN Driver: Enhance the onboard VIA LAN chip.
- VIA VGA Driver: Enhance the onboard VIA Graphic chip.

# Appendix A

# Smart 5.1

This chapter gives you brief description of how Smart 5.1 is enabled and Intel's Hyper-Threading technology.

This chapter includes the following sections:

Intelligent 6-Channel Audio	A-2
Hyper-Threading Technology	A-9

# Intelligent 6-Channel Audio

#### Enabling Smart 5.1 Intelligent 6 Channel Audio

Smart5.1 allows the user to output 6 channel audio directly from the audio jacks on the mainboard, using the traditional line-in and microphone jacks as output jacks. For it to work properly, both the OS and the software application used need to support 6 channel audio. Win98 supports 4 channel only.Please follow the example A and B to enable the Smart 5.1 funtion, and the examples are based on Windows XP. Start the settings in Control Panel of your computer.

#### Example A

1. Double click [Sounds and Audio Devices] icon in Control Panel.



2. The panel of [Sounds and Audio Devices Properties] appears and select [Audio] tab. Then press [Advanced] as shown in the picture.

/olume	Sounds Audio Voice Hardware
Sound	playback 🗧
0).	Default device:
4	VIA AC'97 Audio (WAVE)
	Volume Advagced
Sound	recording
P	Dglault device:
~	VIA AC'97 Audio (WAVE)
	Volume Advanged
MIDI m	usic playback
	Default device:
	Microsoft GS Wavetable SW Synth
	Volume About
llies	rik default devices

3. Choose [5.1 surround sound speakers] to support the 6 channel function.

Advanced Audio Properties	2 🗙
Speakers Performance	
Select the speaker setup that is most like the setup you have on your computer.	
Speaker setup: 51 surround sound speakers	
DK Carcol A	koply

#### **Example B**

1. Double click [Sounds and Audio Devices] icon in Control Panel and then select [Audio] tab on the panel as shown below. Press [Volume] button in the [Sound playback] column.

/olume	Sounds Audio Voice Hardware
Sound p	layback
O.	Default device:
4	VIA AC'97 Audio (WAVE) 💉
	YokmeAdvagced
Sound	ecording
2	Default device:
18	VIA.AC'97 Audio (WAVE) 😪
	Vgkme Advanged
MDI m	sie playback
affe	Default device:
	Microsoft GS Wavetable SW Synth
	Volume About
Use or	ily default devices

2. [Front Speaker] panel appears and then select [Options] menu to check the item [Advanced Controls].

Front Speak	er		
Options Help			
Properties	lave	SW Synth	LineIn
Advanced Controls		220000	1100
Exit	Jance:	Balance:	Balance B 4
Volume:	Volume	Volume	Vokane:
.C.I.	Mule	□   2 □ Mute	Wule
VIA AC'97 Audio (WAV	E)		

3. Then [Front Speaker] panel displays [Advanced] button and press it.

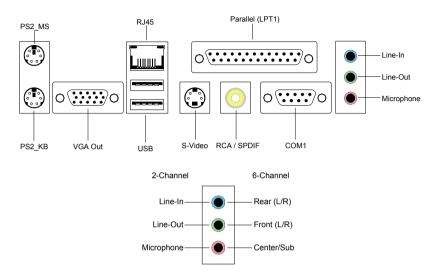
Options Help				
Fiont Speaker	Wave	SW Synth	Line In	CD Player
Balance:	Balance:	Balance:	Balance:	Balance:
Volume:	Volume:	Volume:	Volume:	Volume:
Mute all	Mute	Mute	Mule	Mute

4. Check the item [Smart5.1 Enable] in the panel below.

Advanced Controls for Front Speaker
These settings can be used to make fine adjustments to your aucto.
Tone Controls
These settings control how the tone of your audio sounds.
Baxs Low High
Treble: Low High
Other Controls These settings make other changes to how your audio sounds. See your hardware documentation for details I S/PDIF Enable 2 Smart51 Enable
Cloze

#### Appendix A

After completing the previous settings, you just have to connect your speakers to the 3 Jack Connector like shown below. Now your Smart 5.1 capabilities are enabled.



Following the system setup, users need to install software for playing DVD. Currently the two main DVD-playing applications are WIN-DVD v4.0 and Power DVD XP v4.0. Both of them are able to support 5.1 channel. Please follow the instructions below to do the proper settings for Smart 5.1.

#### WIN-DVD v4.0

1. Open the application and click on the right arrow icon shown as the picture below. Then select [Audio Effect].



2. The panel of Audio Effect appears and click on the lower right corner button as shown in the picture below.



3. The [Setup] panel appears and select [Audio] tab. Then choose the item [6 Channel (5.1 Home Theater)] in the column of [Audio Speaker Configuration]. Finally users can click [Test] button to verify the channel output. You will hear sound of flowing water from different speakers if each setup has been completed successfully.

Setup	x
Preferences Control Audio Video Region Information	
Audio Output Conliguration	
C Digital (S/PDIF) out to External Processor	
Audio Speaker Conliguration	
C 2 Channel (Front L/R or Headphone)	
C 4 Channel (Front L/R and Surround L/R)	
6 Channel (5.1 Home Theater)	
C 7 Dhannel (6.1 Home Theater)	
C 8 Channel (7.1 Home Theater)	
Send 0.1 (LFE Subwoofer) to Speakers/Headphones	
OK Cancel Apply	

#### Power-DVD XP v4.0

1. Open the application and click on the [Configuration] icon shown as the picture below.



2. The panel of Configuration appears and select [Audio] tab. Then choose [6 Speaker] in the column of [Audio Output] and click [Ok].

Configuration
General Skin Video Audio Parental Control Information
- Audio Output
6 Speaker
Note: The Audio <del>Output oplian is only a</del> vailable when the player is in the stop mode.
2 Speaker Mode
C A3D/DirectSound3D
C Dolby Surround Compatible
C Stereo
C Inducond/C
C Drity Heedthree
More Information
_Advanced
OK. Cancel

Through the system operation and software settings, users can take advantage of Smart 5.1 6-channel output with ease!

# Hyper-Threading Technology

Intel<sup>®</sup> Hyper-Threading Technology is a type of simultaneous multi-threading technology (SMT). Multiple threads of software applications are able to be run concurrently on one processor. Hyper-Threading Technology makes a single physical processor simulate two logical processors which enhance the executing performance especially in operating systems that handle multiple applications simultaneously. Please note that only Windows 2000 Server, Windows 2000 Professional, and Windows XP Professional support Hyper-Threading Technology. For more details, please visit Microsoft<sup>®</sup> website. Other operating systems may support this technology but users need to do some further settings to enable this funciton. Please visit http://www.viamainboard.com for more updated details. It is strongly recommended that users enter BIOS settings to disable the function of Hyper -Threading Technology when users are not sure whether software supports the technology or not.